

Data Management Prototypes Dave Peters

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Distributed Telemetry Retrieval

- Purpose
 - Address distributed telemetry retrieval performance and architecture using a network attached Data Storage Unit
- Approach
 - Created 24 hour telemetry files on Data Storage Unit
 - Created telemetry retrieval processes on network attached workstations
 - Created archiver process on Data Storage Unit
 - Read from different telemetry files while archiver was writing to Data Storage Unit at 50kbs
 - Measured results



Results

- Constraints

Did not have a dedicated 10Mbps network connection for workstations

Had network traffic from everyday workload

- Benchmarks

1 telemetry retrieval performed at 200 times real-time

4 simultaneous retrievals performed at 77 times real-time

8 simultaneous retrievals performed at 35 times real-time

12 simultaneous retrievals performed at 24 times real-time

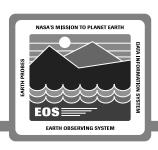
20 simultaneous retrievals performed at 13 times real-time

Design has been updated to reflect distributed telemetry retrieval approach

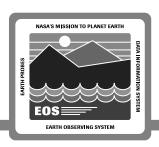




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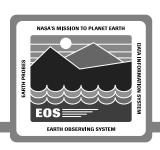


- Future Goals
 - Benchmark operational LAN to verify results



Database Needs and Selection

- Purpose
 - Evaluate FOS database needs
 - Evaluate Object Oriented Database Management System technology
 - Compare Sybase and Oracle
- Approach
 - Determined database requirements of the FOS
 - Studied different OODBMS products
 - Used in-house expertise



- Results
 - FOS database needs

Project Database support

File and telemetry metadata

PAS and CMS support

- Object Oriented Databases are still immature and do not provide the following capabilities

DBA utilities

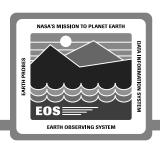
Performance monitoring tools

Designer tools

SQL support



- RDBMS (Sybase and Oracle)
 - Reliable and mature products
 - Provide client/server architecture
 - Provide a full set of development and maintenance tools
 - **In-house expertise**
 - Both products meet the needs of the FOS
- Selected Sybase to support operations

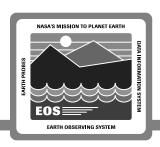


- Future Goals
 - Currently evaluating Object Oriented to RDBMS interface tools



Persistence Database Interface

- Purpose
 - Determine if Persistence would be cost effective as an database interface tool
- Approach
 - Setup file and telemetry metadata tables in Sybase
 - Built Persistence interface classes to Sybase tables using StP/OMT
 - Link Persistence interface classes with application code
 - Performed table operations(add,delete,read,write,update)
 - Perform reverse engineering



Results

- Pros

Builds interface classes to Sybase from object model

Supports C++ and standard SQL

Generates create, read, update, and delete methods based on object model

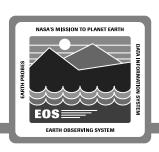
Supports locking

- Cons

Generates a large number of lines of code that would not be used by the FOS

Not integrated with StP/OMT to perform reverse engineering Only supports Suns and HPs

Very expensive



- Future Goals
 - The FOS is currently evaluating RogueWaves DBTools for application interfaces to Sybase